

## AQUATIC COMMUNICATION IN THE WILLAMETTE RIVER BASIN: A CASE STUDY

### OF FEDERAL ENVIRONMENTAL OUTREACH

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## Background

- Government agencies have a responsibility to protect the environment and inform the public.
- Conservation and restoration are inseparable from public attitudes and opinions. The success of these projects hinge upon input, feedback and support from the public.
- But, scientific information is shared with a range of stakeholders of varying backgrounds, experiences and knowledge levels.
- Therefore, it is imperative to improve education and outreach to meet the needs of the future and address projected degradation.

## Research Question

What are the best practices for environmental communication in the case of federal agencies?

## Internship & Methods

I interned with NOAA
Restoration Center to
find outreach strategies
for the Willamette River
Basin (See Fig. 1).

I conducted interviews with site partners, analyzed NOAA publications, and reviewed literature on best practices in environmental communication.



Figure 1: The Willamette River Basin's relative size to the state of Oregon. Graphic by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers.

### Results

### **Best Practices in Environmental Communication**



Figure 2: The four main best practices for environmental communications identified through literature reviews and supported by interview data.

Solution Oriented: Outreach should empower audiences by providing options for tangible action. How can they get involved and what difference does the action make?

Connect to Values: Effective outreach entails knowing your audience and what they value. Connect scientific assessments to social values, share personal stories, and build trust.

Self-Paced Learning: Outreach mediums should allow for self-paced exploration and interactivity. Links to references and publications should be included so the audience may explore the topic further.

Accessibility: avoiding nuanced language, technical jargon, and abbreviations for non-technical audiences.
Consider mobile vs. desktop layout, options for multiple languages, and captions.

"How much are we really making a difference by planting trees and removing trash knowing all the other barriers fish face?"

- Volunteer Program Manager

"For me, communications are all about building trust and that's not going to happen over social media."

- Wildlife Conservation Biologist

"Would like to know more ... in bite size information because it is complicated...there's so many links and pages." -Restoration Program Manager

"We try to use the word habitat enhancement because the word restoration is confusing- restoring it to what? will it ever 'go back'?"

-Volunteer Program Manager

# Significance & Next Steps

# Environmental communication is an iterative process. Outreach should:

- Incorporate best practices into mediums and messaging strategies (See Fig. 3).
- Adapt to social and environmental changes
- Collaborate with educators, artists, journalists and communication professionals
- Continue to be researched and revised

#### Implementing Best Practices in Mediums & Messaging

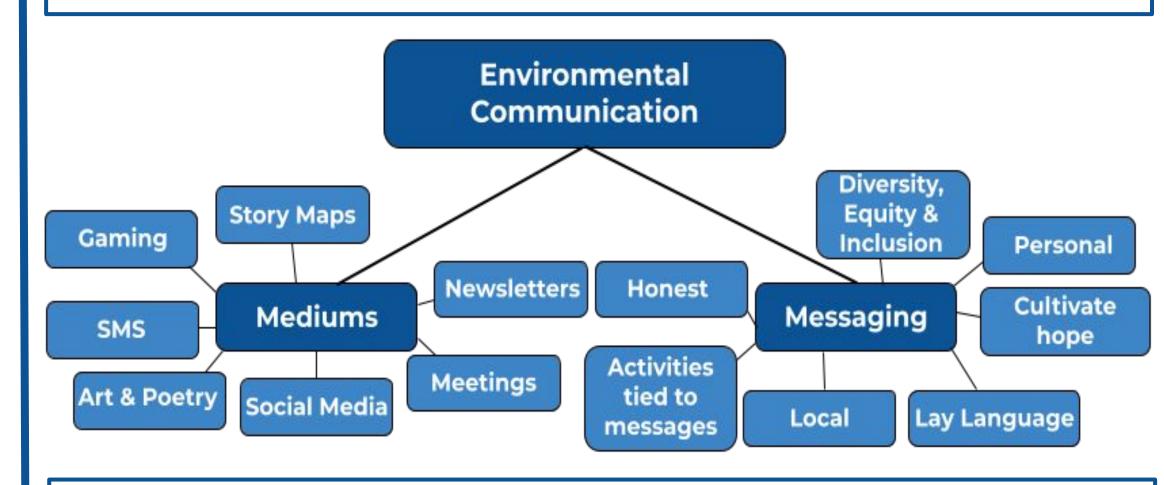


Figure 3: Outreach Strategies identified through literature reviews, interviews and internship responsibilities.

Future Research Opportunities: Agnotology, user data, changing social norms, demographics, audience preferences and emerging technologies

#### Following these communication strategies can:

- Raise awareness on environmental issues, foster stewardship and mobilize action
- Increase support and funding for local and federal projects by broadening engagement

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